

**ANDRÉS WINES LTD. /
LES VINS ANDRÉS LTÉE**

ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM

JUNE 19, 2006

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FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements in this Annual Information Form (“AIF”) may contain “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of applicable securities laws, including the “safe harbour” of the *Securities Act* (Ontario) with respect to Andrés Wines Ltd (“Andrés” or the “Company”) and its subsidiaries. Such statements include, but are not limited to, statements about the growth of the business in light of the Company’s recent acquisitions; its launch of new premium wines; sales trends in foreign markets; its supply of domestically grown grapes; and current economic conditions. These statements are subject to certain risks, assumptions and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those included in the forward-looking statements. The words “believe”, “plan”, “intend”, “estimate”, “expect” or “anticipate” and similar expressions, as well as future or conditional verbs such as “will”, “should”, “would” and “could” often identify forward-looking statements. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current views with respect to future events and financial performance. With respect to forward-looking statements contained in this AIF, Andrés has made assumptions and applied certain factors regarding, among other things: future grape, glass bottle and wine prices; its ability to obtain grapes, imported wine, glass and its ability to obtain other raw materials; fluctuations in the U.S./Canadian dollar exchange rates; its ability to market products successfully to its anticipated customers; the trade balance within the domestic Canadian wine market; market trends; reliance on key personnel; protection of its intellectual property rights; the economic environment; the regulatory requirements regarding producing, marketing, advertising and labelling its products; the regulation of liquor distribution and retailing in Ontario; and the impact of increasing competition.

These forward-looking statements are also subject to the risks and uncertainties discussed in the “Risk Factors” section and elsewhere in this AIF and other risks detailed from time to time in the publicly filed disclosure documents of Andrés which are available at www.sedar.com. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions which could cause actual results to differ materially from those conclusions, forecasts or projections anticipated in these forward-looking statements. Because of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The Company’s forward-looking statements are made only as of the date of this AIF, and except as required by applicable law, Andrés undertakes no obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements to reflect new information, future events or circumstances or otherwise.

All information contained in this document is as at March 31, 2006 unless otherwise indicated.

CORPORATE STRUCTURE

Incorporation

Andrés was incorporated under the laws of Canada by Letters Patent dated the 7th day of April, 1965 and as amended from time to time by Supplementary Letters Patent. The Company was continued under a Certificate of Continuance dated the 30th day of October, 1978, pursuant to Sections 181 and 261 of the *Canada Business Corporations Act*. On June 30, 1994, the Company amalgamated with Hillebrand Estates Winery Limited under section 185 of the *Canada Business Corporations Act*. On April 1, 2003 the Company amalgamated with Andrés Wines (B.C.) Ltd. and Andrés Wines Atlantic Ltd. under section 185 of the *Canada Business Corporations Act*. On April 1, 2006, the Corporation amalgamated with its wholly-owned subsidiary, Cascadia Brands Inc. (“Cascadia”), and its wholly-owned subsidiaries Calona Wines Limited, 3126854 Canada Ltd. (formerly, International Potter Distilling Corporation) and 4309693 Canada Inc. (formerly Arctica Distilling Corporation) under section 185 of the *Canada Business Corporations Act*. The amalgamated corporation currently operates under the name Andrés Wines Ltd./Les Vins Andrés Ltée. Currently, the authorized capital of Andrés consists of an unlimited number of Class A, non-voting shares and an unlimited number of Class B, voting shares. The Company’s head and registered office is located at 697 South Service Road, Grimsby, Ontario, L3M 4E8.

Subsidiaries

The following are all of Andrés significant subsidiaries as of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, all of which are wholly owned.

<u>Company</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Incorporation</u>
Vineco International Products Ltd.	Ontario
Winexpert Inc.	Canada
Wine Not Inc.	Ontario
Granville Island Brewing Company	Canada
Mainland Beverage Distribution Ltd.	British Columbia
Grady Wine Marketing Inc.	British Columbia
Canrim Packaging Ltd.	Canada
Sandhill Vineyards Ltd.	Canada

GENERAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE BUSINESS

The Company is engaged in the production, bottling and marketing of wines in Canada. Vineco International Products Ltd. and Winexpert Inc. are producers of wine kits and related accessories for the home winemaking market. Granville Island Brewing Company Ltd. produces craft beer with products sold predominantly in British Columbia.

The past decade has been a period of significant transition for the Canadian wine industry. Competitive pressures within the industry were increased substantially as a result of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (“GATT”) between Canada and the European Community and the Free Trade Agreement (“FTA”) between Canada and the United States, both reached in 1988.

Under these agreements, retail mark-up differentials on domestic versus United States and European wines were phased out over the period ending in January, 1998. Subsequently, the North American Free Trade Agreement (“NAFTA”) adopted the FTA provisions respecting trade in wine between Canada and the United States.

Also over this past decade, Canada joined other leading wine producing countries in the development of a body of regulations and standards for 100% Canadian content wines known as the Vintners Quality Alliance (“VQA”) system. The VQA system oversees the regulation of the premium wine industry in Canada and has become recognized throughout the world as the appellation system for Canadian wines that meet strict standards of excellence.

Interest and participation in wine culture and wine life continues to grow in Canada and around the world. This growth is driven by an aging population favouring the more sophisticated experience that wine offers, as well as by the widely reported health benefits of moderate wine consumption.

These events have precipitated significant change in the Canadian wine industry. In order to succeed in this new environment, the Company has undertaken strategic growth initiatives to emerge as a leading participant in the Canadian wine market. Over the past three years, certain events have influenced the general development of Andrés’ business.

On October 7, 2003, the Company’s home winemaking subsidiary, Brew King Limited, acquired certain net assets of Distrivin Ltée and all of the outstanding shares of Winexpert Inc. Distrivin Ltée and Winexpert Inc. are the exclusive distributors of Brew King products in eastern Canada. The acquisition helped to strengthen Brew King’s eastern Canadian market position. Immediately after the acquisition Brew King Limited amalgamated with Winexpert Inc. and now operates as Winexpert Inc. (“Winexpert”).

On January 25, 2005, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Wine Not Inc. (Wine Not”). Wine Not is a network of independently-owned franchise retailers operating wine-on-premise locations in Ontario. The acquisition will help to increase the brand presence, distribution and market share of both Winexpert and Vineco International Products Ltd. (“Vineco”) in Ontario.

On May 2, 2005 the Company acquired certain assets of Thirty Bench Winery (“Thirty Bench”) of Beamsville, Ontario. Thirty Bench is a small, ultra-premium wine producer located on the Beamsville Bench region of Ontario. The acquisition included winery buildings, brands and 70 acres of vineyards. The purchase gives the Company a solid presence in one of the Niagara Region’s most sought after viticulture areas, and adds to the Company’s premium winery properties in Niagara-on-the-Lake.

On May 25, 2005, the Company acquired 100% of the shares of Cascadia Brands Inc (“Cascadia”), with production facilities

located in Vancouver and Kelowna, British Columbia. Cascadia was one of Canada's largest producers of premium wine, craft beer, and spirits with a portfolio of brands that are well recognized throughout Western Canada. The acquisition more than doubled the Company's sales in the Western Canadian market. Further details on the acquisition were disclosed in the Company's Form 51-102F4 Business Acquisition Report filed on April 22, 2005 on www.sedar.com.

On November 1, 2005, the Company acquired the Red Rooster Winery ("Red Rooster") located on the Naramata Bench near Penticton, British Columbia. Red Rooster is a well recognized producer of premium VQA wines situated in the heart of Canada's Okanagan Valley, a region well known for its niche premium brands. The purchase enhances the Company's presence in the growing British Columbia wine industry and has added to its sales of premium wines.

On November 10, 2005, the Company sold the assets and brands related to the Cascadia spirits division.

On April 1, 2006, the Company amalgamated with Cascadia, Calona Wines Limited, 3126854 Canada Ltd. (formerly International Potter Distilling Corporation) and 4309693 Canada Inc. (formerly Arctica Distilling Corporation).

The Company intends to continue to launch new premium and ultra-premium wines in 2007. The acquisitions of Thirty Bench, Cascadia and Red Rooster are expected to contribute to increased sales in 2007, as well as an enhanced presence in the ultra-premium segment of the Canadian wine industry. Marketing and sales support will be focused on key brands sold across the country, and management expects sales and marketing expenses for 2007 will rise moderately. The Company will continue to increase its capital expenditure programs to support its ongoing commitment to producing the highest-quality wines. The Company will continue to evaluate investment opportunities, including acquisitions, which support its strategic direction.

In recent years craft beer has increased its share of the highly competitive Canadian Beer market. Total sales of craft beer represents approximately 6% of the Company's sales.

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS

General

As at March 31, 2006, the Company is Canada's second largest producer and marketer of wines, with leading brands in all segments of the market in Canada. The Company has wineries in British Columbia, Ontario and Nova Scotia and markets wines produced from grapes grown in the Niagara Peninsula in Ontario, the Okanagan Valley and Similkameen Valley in British Columbia, and other countries around the world. The Company's award winning premium brands include *Peller Estates*, *Hillebrand*, *Trius*, *Thirty Bench*, *Sandhill*, *Copper Moon* and *Calona Vineyards Artist Series*, as well as *Red Rooster* wines. Complementing these premium brands are a number of popular priced wines including *Hochtaler*, *Domaine D'Or*, *Schloss*, *Laderheim*, *Royal and Sommet*, which are sold primarily through government liquor distribution systems and the Company's 102 *Vineyards Estate Wines* chain of retail stores in Ontario. Two of the Company's premium products, *Signature* and *Private Reserve* wines, pay tribute to Andrew Peller's ambition and dream to make wines that are the best in the Niagara region. Primarily premium red varietals, these unfiltered, barrel aged wines are the pinnacle of what is the best in the region. The Company's wine kit brands such as *Selection Estate*, *European Select*, *California Connoisseur*, *Bin 49*, *Selection* and *Vintners Reserve* are sold to private retailers and "ferment on premise" operators throughout Canada. The Company also sells craft beer under the *Granville Island* brand including *Cypress Honey Lager*, *English Pale Ale* and *Island Lager*.

Thirty Bench Vineyard and Winery is a small estate winery that produces VQA wines under the *Benchmark* and *Reserve* brands.

Red Rooster winery is a small estate winery that produces brands under the *Red Rooster* label.

Business Strategy

Andrés is committed to a strategy of growth that focuses on expanding its core business as a producer and marketer of quality wines and craft beer through the development of strong brands that continually meet the needs of our customers. This strategy is supported by sophisticated sales, marketing and promotional programs. The Company believes that the acquisition of Cascadia in May 2005, strengthened its selling and distribution capabilities in the key licensee distribution channel in British Columbia and is consistent with its strategic direction and growth initiatives. In addition, the Company continues to seek out acquisition opportunities that support its strategic direction and meet its growth and investment return criteria.

Sales

The Company's net sales for the year ended March 31, 2006 were \$211.3 million. Net sales and percentage of sales by geographic region were as follows:

<u>Geographic Region</u>	<u>2006</u>		<u>2005</u>	
	<u>\$ millions</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$ millions</u>	<u>%</u>
Western Canada	79.1	37	43.6	26
Ontario	103.0	49	99.7	60
Quebec	6.6	3	6.6	4
Atlantic Canada	11.4	5	10.3	6
Export	<u>11.7</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7.4</u>	<u>4</u>
	211.8	100	<u>167.6</u>	<u>100</u>

The Company's net sales volume is seasonal with highest volumes in the third quarter. Net sales and percentage of sales by quarter were as follows:

<u>Quarter</u>	<u>2006</u>		<u>2005</u>	
	<u>\$ millions</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$ millions</u>	<u>%</u>
First	46.8	22	40.2	24
Second	57.1	27	42.8	25
Third	59.5	28	47.7	29
Fourth	<u>48.4</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>36.9</u>	<u>22</u>
	<u>211.8</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>167.6</u>	<u>100</u>

Note that the above sales percentages were impacted by acquisitions that occurred throughout the relevant year.

Principal Products

As consumer tastes and demographics have changed, Andrés has grown from its historical position as Canada's leading supplier of value-priced table and sparkling wines to become one of the leading suppliers of premium varietal wines, while maintaining its strength in the popular, value-priced category. The Company's award-winning premium brands, marketed under the *Peller Estates*, *Hillebrand*, *Trius*, *Sandhill*, *Thirty Bench* and *Red Rooster* labels are increasing their share in many Canadian markets.

In conjunction with the opening of the Peller Estates winery in June 2001, three brands were launched. The *Andrew Peller Signature Series* is a line of premium unfiltered red varietal wines produced in small lots and limited quantities. The *Private Reserve Series* showcases barrel-aged white and red wines from the finest grapes grown in the Niagara Peninsula. In addition, the *Vineyard Series* is comprised of a line of varietal wines respecting the true character of Niagara's grape-growing environment. Late in fiscal 2004, the Company launched a line of *Trius* varietal wines that have further strengthened the Company's position in the premium wine segment.

In fiscal 2006, the Company was honoured with a number of prestigious awards and medals at domestic and international wine competitions. In total, Peller Estates received 126 medals, while Hillebrand Estates and Trius were presented with another 62 medals. Among the most prominent of these awards was the gold medal presented to the *Peller Estates Signature Series Vidal Icewine 2004* at the Vinalie Internationales in Paris, France and a gold medal presented to the *Andrew Peller Signature Series Riesling Icewine 2004* at the International Austrian Wine Challenge. *Hillebrand Showcase Vidal Icewine 2003* won grand gold at the Monde Selection in Brussels, Belgium and the *Trius Red 2002* won silver – best in Class at the International Wine & Spirits Competition in London, England. *Sandhill Pinot Blanc 2003* won a gold medal at Challenge International du Vin.

The Company has maintained its strength in the popular, value-priced category. *Hochtaler* and *Domaine D'Or* continue to hold

their position as two of the top selling brands in Canada.

The Company has also developed a strong portfolio of its own imported wines from such leading wine-producing countries and regions as California and Australia. Sold under the *Franciscan*, *Gold Coast* and other brands, these imported products have been building a reputation across the country of providing premium quality at an affordable price for over twenty years.

The Company also sells strong regional brands such as *Proprietors Reserve*, *Schloss*, *Laderheim*, *Royal* and *Sommet*.

Sales of Canadian-made ice wine are permitted within the European Economic Union, and we anticipate this sophisticated market will continue to respond well to our industry-leading *Hillebrand Estates* and *Peller Estates* products. Growth in the Pacific Rim has also been very encouraging. Our wines are now sold in over 20 countries around the world.

The Company's sparkling wine portfolio has positioned leading brands at all price points, covering the spectrum from value-priced sparkling wines such as *Andrés Champagne* to the premium, bottle fermented (*méthode champenoise*) *Trius Brut* and *Peller Cuvée* champagnes.

The Company also sells craft beer under the *Granville Island* brand including *Cypress Honey Lager*, *English Pale Ale* and *Island Lager*.

The Company continues to focus on consumer tastes and brand development. Our strong brand names, in-depth understanding of the consumer and our extensive distribution network enable us to respond quickly with new and innovative offerings to an ever-changing marketplace.

Trademarks

The Company has a number of significant trademarks which are owned by the Company or its subsidiaries. Significant trademarks of the Company include *Peller Estates*, *Hillebrand*, *Hochtaler*, *Domaine D'Or*, *Oakridge*, *French Cross*, *Stone Road*, *Trius*, *Gold Coast*, *Franciscan*, *Vineyards Estate Wines*, *Calona*, *Sandhill*, *Copper Moon*, *Artist Series*, *Schloss Laderheim*, *Sommet*, *Granville Island*, *Thirty Bench*, *Selection*, *Vintners Reserve*, *California Connoisseur*, *European Select*, *Bin 49*, *Winexpert* and *Wine Not*. Trademarks are important in the marketing and sale of wine and it is the Company's policy to vigorously protect its trademarks.

Other Intangible Properties

The Company has franchise agreements with a network of independently owned franchise retailers operating wine-on-premise locations in Ontario. Also, the Company has customer contracts in place relating to the distribution of home winemaking products in the province of Quebec.

Properties

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's principal properties and wineries as at March 31, 2006:

<u>Location</u>	<u>Production Size</u>	<u>Use</u>	<u>Nature of Interest</u>	<u>Capacity</u> ⁽²⁾
Port Moody, British Columbia ⁽³⁾	81,700 sq. ft.	Winery & Offices	Owned ⁽¹⁾	75,000
Port Coquitlam, British Columbia	20,000 sq. ft.	Wine Kit Production	Owned ⁽¹⁾	42,000
Port Coquitlam, British Columbia	25,925 sq. ft.	Warehouse, Office	Leased	N/A
Port Coquitlam, British Columbia	16,802 sq. ft.	Warehouse, Office	Leased	N/A
Vancouver, British Columbia	6,700 sq. ft.	Office	Leased	N/A
Vancouver, British Columbia (Granville Island)	3,000 sq. ft. 6,800 sq. ft.	Warehouse Brewery Retail Store	Leased Leased	N/A 2,000
Delta, British Columbia	12,000 sq. ft.	Warehouse – Distribution	Leased	N/A
Annacis Island, British Columbia	12,000 sq. ft.	Warehouse – Distribution	Leased	N/A
Oliver, British Columbia	100 acres	Vineyard	Owned ⁽¹⁾	N/A
Oliver, British Columbia	72 acres	Vineyard	Leased	N/A
Kelowna, British Columbia	160,000 sq. ft.	Winery & Office	Owned ⁽¹⁾	168,000
Kelowna, British Columbia	58,000 sq. ft.	Warehouse	Leased	N/A
Penticton, British Columbia	9,000 sq. ft.	Winery	Owned ⁽¹⁾	500
Cawston, British Columbia	75 acres	Vineyard	50% owned ⁽¹⁾	N/A
Stoney Creek, Ontario	111,852 sq. ft.	Warehouse	Leased	N/A
Stoney Creek, Ontario	10,626 sq. ft.	Office, Warehouse	Leased	N/A
Grimsby, Ontario	141,000 sq. ft. on 26 acres	Winery & Offices	Owned ⁽¹⁾	137,000
Ontario - 102 retail stores, various locations	each retail store ranges from 180 sq. ft. to 1,000 sq. ft.	Retail	Leased	N/A
Beamsville, Ontario	4,996 sq. ft. 70 acres	Winery, Retail Vineyard	Owned ⁽¹⁾	550
St. Catharines, Ontario	28,000 sq. ft.	Wine Kit Production	Owned ⁽¹⁾	24,000
St. Catharines, Ontario	2,825 sq. ft.	Warehouse, Production	Leased	N/A
St. Catharines, Ontario	1,331 sq. ft.	Office	Leased	N/A
Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario (Peller Estates)	40,000 sq. ft. on 40 acres	Winery, Vineyard, Tour Centre, Retail, Offices	Owned ⁽¹⁾	8,000
Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario (Hillebrand Estates)	53,000 sq. ft. on 34 acres	Winery, Vineyard, Tour Centre, Retail, Offices	Owned ⁽¹⁾	8,000
Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario	70 acres	Vineyard	Owned ⁽¹⁾	N/A
Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario	100 acres	Vineyard	Owned ⁽¹⁾	N/A
Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario	40 acres	Vineyard	Owned ⁽¹⁾	N/A
Longueuil, Québec	19,543 sq. ft.	Warehouse, Office	Leased	N/A
Truro, Nova Scotia	49,500 sq. ft.	Winery and Offices	Owned ⁽¹⁾	36,000

⁽¹⁾ Company owned properties have been provided as security for the Company's loan facilities.

⁽²⁾ All production capacities reflect hectolitres.

⁽³⁾ The Port Moody location was closed during January 2006 and is being prepared for sale.

Raw Materials

The Company purchases its raw materials, including grapes, wine, juice, glass bottles and other packaging materials, from a wide range of suppliers throughout the world.

In Ontario and British Columbia, grapes are purchased from growers under supply contracts which range in length from one year to fifteen years. In Ontario, the Company is required to purchase grape tonnage to meet minimum legal requirements. In Ontario, grape prices are negotiated annually between Ontario based producers and the Grape Growers' Marketing Board, while in British Columbia, grape prices are negotiated annually between the Company and individual growers. Grapes purchased in Ontario and British Columbia are used primarily for the Ontario and British Columbia markets, respectively.

In November 1997, the Company purchased 210 acres of prime grape-growing land in Niagara-on-the-Lake that has been developed with premium classical European ("vinifera") grape varieties such as Merlot, Cabernet Sauvignon and Cabernet Franc. In 2000, the Company developed a 75 acre vineyard in Causta, B.C. in which it has a 50% equity interest. The Company's acquisition of Thirty Bench winery included 70 acres of some of the most highly regarded vineyards on the Beamsville Bench area of the Niagara region. The acquisition of Cascadia included 172 acres of vineyards in the Okanagan Valley area of British Columbia. The Company's investment in vineyards will help to ensure the highest quality and consistent supply of domestically grown grapes. Niagara-on-the-Lake and the Okanagan Valley in British Columbia remain two of the best locations in the world for the production of premium vinifera grapes.

To complement its grape purchases in Ontario and British Columbia, and to meet consumer demand in all regions of the country, the Company purchases wine, juice and concentrate from suppliers throughout the world, primarily in Chile, California, Australia, Italy and France.

The Company utilizes various packaging materials including glass bottles, corks, capsules, labels and cartons in the bottling and packaging of its wines. Glass bottles represent a significant component of the total cost of goods sold. There is currently only one commercial supplier of glass in Canada and any interruption in supply could have an adverse impact on the Company's ability to supply the market. Andrés has taken steps to reduce its dependence on this supplier through the development of relationships with international producers of glass and through the carrying of increased inventories of selected bottles.

On the whole the Company considers its sources of supply to be adequate.

Other Principal Contracts

The Company has operating leases in place for its network of 102 *Vineyards Estate Wines* and *WineCountry Vintners* retail store locations. These leases have terms that range from one year to ten years in length.

The Company has an operating lease on Granville Island for the operation of a craft brewery and retail store that has a remaining term of 33 years.

Employees

As at March 31, 2006 the Company had a total of 1,236 employees, of whom 109 full and part-time employees were covered by union contracts and 434 were full or part-time employees of *Vineyards Estate Wines* and *WineCountry Vintners* chain of retail stores.

The Company has 95 employees covered by union contracts in Kelowna, British Columbia and 14 by a union contract in Vancouver, British Columbia. Both locations are covered by a contract with the Brewery, Winery and Distillery Workers, Local 300. The Kelowna contract expires on May 31, 2008 and the Vancouver contract expired on May 31, 2006. Negotiations are currently underway and we expect a new contract to be in place in early July.

Competition

The wine industry in Canada is intensely competitive based on quality, price, brand recognition and distribution, and the Company competes with a large number of domestic and international wine producers. The Company's competitors range in size from large, well established national and multi-national corporations to small "farm gate" wineries that are limited to selling only wine produced from vineyards owned or controlled by the winery. The Company competes on the basis of providing value through a balance of quality and price, brand recognition, and distribution.

The Company is the second largest winery in Canada with a market share of wine sales in Canada, excluding wine coolers and ciders, of 12.0% as at March 31, 2006. The Company's significant domestic competitors in Canada are Vincor and Mission Hill.

Regulation

The business of the Company is extensively regulated by provincial legislation which governs the manufacture and sale of beverage alcohol. Provincial liquor authorities issue licences for the manufacture and sale of beverage alcohol in each province.

In addition, provincial regulations govern the pricing, packaging, labelling, advertising, production and distribution of products manufactured by licensed wineries, breweries and distilleries. The Company is in compliance in all material respects with provincial legislation which regulates the manufacture and sale of beverage alcohol.

Risk Factors

The Company's sales of wine are affected by general economic conditions such as changes in discretionary consumer spending and consumer confidence in future economic conditions, tax laws and the prices of our products. A steep and sustained decline in economic growth may cause a lower demand for our products. The reduction in travel resulting from external factors outside the Company's control following September 11, 2001 had an impact on the Company's sales. Such general economic conditions could impact the Company's sales through the Company's estate wineries and restaurants, direct sales through licensed establishments and export sales through duty free shops. The Company believes that these effects would likely be temporary and would not have a significant impact on financial performance.

The Canadian wine market continues to be the target of low-priced imported wines from regions and countries that subsidize wine production and grape growing as well as providing sizeable export subsidies. In addition, many of these countries and regions prohibit or restrict the sale of imported wine in their own domestic markets. The Company, along with other members of the Canadian wine industry, are working with the Canadian government to rectify these unfair trade balances.

The Company continues to increase its share of the premium wine business in Canada, principally through the sale of VQA wines, and as a result is more dependent on the quality and supply of domestically grown premium quality grapes. If any of our vineyards experience certain weather variations, natural disasters, pestilence, other severe environmental problems or other occurrences, Andrés may not be able to secure a sufficient supply of grapes and there could be decrease in our production of certain products from those regions and/or an increase in costs. As a result of extremely cold temperatures in February 2005, grape supply was significantly reduced which impacted sales and margins earned on VQA wines sold during 2006. The short supply also had the impact of increasing the price paid for domestically grown grapes. The Government of Ontario, in conjunction with the Wine Council of Ontario and the Ontario Grape Growers Marketing Board, agreed to temporarily increase the blending of imported wines, which enabled the Company to continue to supply the market. The inability to secure premium quality grapes could impair the ability of the Company to supply wines to our customers. The Company has initiated programs to ensure a consistent access to domestically grown premium quality grapes through the development of additional vineyards, the contracting of additional sources of supply and the holding of additional levels of inventory. Our arrangements with our independent growers are based on long-term contracts up to fifteen years. The price of grapes are determined through negotiations with the Ontario Grape Growers Marketing Board in Ontario and with independent growers in British Columbia.

The competitive nature of the wine industry internationally has resulted in the discounting of retail prices of wine in key markets such as the United States and the United Kingdom, in part due to an international grape surplus. This international grape surplus, principally in Australia, Chile and Argentina and high inventories of French wine, could serve to continue the discounting of wine in international markets. The Company has responded by increased promotional and advertising spending to strengthen the performance of our brands. The Company does not believe that significant price discounting will occur in Canada beyond current levels.

The Company purchases glass and other components used in the bottling and packaging of wine. The largest component in the packaging of wine is glass, of which there are few domestic or international suppliers. There is currently only one commercial supplier of glass in Canada and any interruption in supply could have an adverse impact on the Company's ability to supply the markets. Andrés has taken steps to reduce its dependence on domestic suppliers through the development of relationships with several international producers of glass and through carrying increased inventories of selected bottles.

The wine industry and markets in which the Company operates, is consolidating. This has resulted in fewer, but larger competitors, which increase their resources and scale. The increased competition from these larger parties may affect the Company's pricing strategies and create margin pressures, resulting in potentially lower revenues. Competition also exerts pressure on existing customer relationships, which may affect our ability to retain existing customers and increase our number of new customers.

The Company has worked to improve production efficiencies and selectively increased pricing to increase gross profit and implemented a higher level of promotion and advertising activity to combat these initiatives. Andrés and other wine industry participants also generally compete with other alcoholic beverages like beer and spirits for consumer acceptance, loyalty and shelf space. No assurance can be given that consumer demand for wine, and premium wine products, will continue at current levels in the future.

Andrés has identified that a foreign exchange risk exists on the purchases of bulk wine and concentrate which are made in United States dollars. The Company does not enter into foreign exchange contracts for trading or speculative purposes. The Company's strategy is to hedge approximately 70% of its foreign exchange requirements prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Company has entered into a series of foreign exchange contracts as a hedge against movements in U.S. dollar exchange rates. These contracts are reviewed periodically. Each one cent change in the value of the U.S. dollar has a \$130,000 impact on the Company's net earnings.

The Company operates in a highly regulated industry, with requirements regarding the production, distribution, marketing, advertising and labelling of wine. These regulatory requirements may inhibit or restrict our ability to maintain or increase strong consumer support for and recognition of our brands and may adversely affect our business strategies and results of operations. Privatization of liquor distribution and retailing has been implemented in varying degrees across the country. The possibility of privatization in Ontario remains a risk to the Company through its impact on the Company's retail operations. The provincial government has stated that, should it consider privatization, it would engage in a consultation process and would acknowledge the special role of Ontario's wine industry.

As an owner and lessor of property, the Company is subject to various federal and provincial laws relating to environmental matters. Such laws provide that the Company could be held liable for the cost of removal and remediation of hazardous substances on its properties. The failure to remedy any situation that might arise could lead to claims against the Company. These risks are believed to be limited.

The Company's future operating results will depend on the ability of its officers and other key employees to continue to implement and improve its operating and financial systems and manage the Company's significant relationships with its suppliers and customers. The Company is also dependent upon the performance of its key senior management personnel. The Company's success is linked to its ability to identify, hire, train, motivate, promote and retain highly qualified management. Competition for such employees is intense and there can be no assurances that the Company will be able to retain current key employees or attract new key employees.

The Company considers its trademarks, particularly certain brand names and product packaging, advertising and promotion design and artwork to be of significant importance to its business and ascribes a significant value to these intangible assets. The Company relies on trademark laws and other arrangements to protect its proprietary rights. There can be no assurance that the steps taken by Andrés to protect its intellectual property rights will preclude competitors from developing confusingly similar brand names or promotional materials. The Company believes that its proprietary rights do not infringe upon the proprietary rights of third parties, but there can be no assurance in this regard.

DIVIDEND POLICY

Class A Non-Voting Shares are entitled to a dividend in an amount equal to 115% of any dividend paid or declared on Class B Voting Shares. The present quarterly dividend rates of 16.1 cents per Class A Share and 14.0 cents per Class B Share were established with the quarterly dividend paid on July 11, 1997. The previous rates of 14.95 cents per Class A Share and 13.0 cents per Class B Share were paid quarterly from October 15, 1985. The Company's dividend payments are reviewed annually by the board of directors. There are no restrictions preventing the Company from paying dividends.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of two classes of common shares, an unlimited number of Class A Non-Voting Shares and Class B Voting Shares. The only class of shares of the Company which are entitled to vote on matters set out in the notice of meeting are the Class B Shares. On March 31, 2006 the Company had outstanding 1,001,547 Class B Shares without nominal par value, each carrying the right to one vote per share and 3,962,547 Class A Shares outstanding. Neither the Class A Shares or the Class B Shares may be subdivided, consolidated, reclassified or otherwise changed unless contemporaneously therewith the other class of shares is subdivided, consolidated, reclassified or otherwise changed in the same manner and in the same proportion. In the event of liquidation, dissolution or a winding-up of the Company, all of the Company's property and assets available for distribution to the holders on the Class A Shares and Class B Shares shall be paid or distributed equally, share for share, to the holders of the Class A Shares and the Class B Shares, respectively.

Class A Shares are non-voting and are entitled to a dividend in an amount equal to 115% of any dividend paid or declared on Class B Shares. Class B Shares are voting and convertible into Class A Shares on a one-for-one basis.

MARKET FOR SECURITIES

The Class A Shares (stock symbol "ADW.A") and Class B Shares (stock symbol "ADW.B") are listed and posted for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange.

The monthly volume of trading and price ranges of the Class A and Class B Shares on the Toronto Stock Exchange over fiscal 2006 are as follows:

<u>Class A</u>				<u>Class B</u>			
<u>Period</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Volume</u>	<u>Period</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Volume</u>
2005	\$	\$		2005	\$	\$	
April	27.75	26.31	33,656	April			0
May	29.65	25.55	23,103	May			0
June	29.50	27.50	40,884	June			72
July	29.50	28.50	33,620	July			0
August	28.70	25.41	75,608	August	33.75	29.00	700
September	27.50	25.00	58,542	September			0
October	26.99	25.95	32,145	October	33.00	33.00	200
November	27.00	26.00	45,197	November	28.00	28.00	400
December	27.00	26.05	41,902	December	26.90	26.90	200
2006							
January	27.00	26.00	50,536	January	27.80	26.80	672
February	27.50	26.10	45,488	February	27.02	27.02	100
March	27.25	26.10	43,020	March	28.00	27.02	975

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

The names, provinces of residence and principal occupation of the directors of the Company and the period during which each director has served on the Board of Directors are as follows:

<u>Name and Province of Residence</u>	<u>Principal Occupation</u>	<u>Director Since</u>
MARK W. COSENS ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Ontario, Canada <i>Kilbride Capital Partners is a private management advisory firm.</i>	Managing Director Kilbride Capital	2001
LORI COVERT Nova Scotia, Canada <i>Ocean Nutrition Canada is a supplier of marine-based natural ingredients to the global dietary supplements and functional food markets.</i>	V.P Communications & Information Technology Ocean-Nutrition	1993
C. WILLIAM DANIEL, O.C. ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ Ontario, Canada	Corporate Director	1991
RICHARD D. HOSSACK, PH.D. ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ Ontario, Canada <i>Mercer Delta is an organizational consulting firm.</i>	President Mercer Delta Canada	2004
A. ANGUS PELLER, M.D. Ontario, Canada <i>Medcan Health Management Inc. is a health management company.</i>	Director of Medcan Wellness Program Medcan Clinic	1991
JOSEPH A. PELLER, M.D., F.R.C.P.(C) Ontario, Canada	Chairman of the Board Andrés Wines Ltd.	1966
JOHN E. PELLER Ontario, Canada	President and Chief Executive Officer Andrés Wines Ltd.	1989
JOHN F. PETCH, Q.C. ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ Ontario, Canada <i>Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt is a law firm.</i>	Counsel Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt LLP	1998
BRIAN J. SHORT ⁽¹⁾ Ontario, Canada <i>Dover Industries is a producer of flour for the food products industry and manufacturer of paper products</i>	Sr. Vice President and CFO Dover Industries Limited	2003
⁽¹⁾ Member of Audit, Finance and Risk Committee		
⁽²⁾ Member of Human Resources and Governance Committee		
⁽³⁾ Member of Pension Committee		

The term of office of each director expires at the next annual meeting or when their successors are elected.

Officers Who Are Not Directors

The names and provinces of residence of the officers of the Company who are not directors and the position and principal occupation of each in the Company are as follows:

<u>Name and Province of Residence</u>	<u>Principal Occupation</u>
GREGORY J. BERTI Ontario, Canada	Vice President Estate Wineries and Export
ANTHONY M. BRISTOW Ontario, Canada	Chief Operating Officer
SCOTT D. FRASER British Columbia, Canada	Vice President Estate Wines (Western Canada)

SHARI A. NILES Ontario, Canada	Vice President Marketing
PETER B. PATCHET Ontario, Canada	Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President Human Resources
DAVID E. RINGLER Ontario, Canada	Executive Vice President Operations
MARIO A. RODI British Columbia, Canada	Vice President and General Manager Winexpert Inc.
JOHN K. SIMMONDS Ontario, Canada	Vice President Retail Operations and Executive Director Vineyards Estate Wines
ROBERT P. VAN WELY Ontario, Canada	President Winexpert Inc. and Vineco International Products Ltd.
J. CHRISTOPHER ZARAFONITIS Ontario, Canada	Vice President, Sales

During the past five years, each of the officers of the Company has had the same or similar principal occupation with the Company or the organization indicated, except; Mr. Bristow who, prior to September 2001, was Executive Vice President Sales; Mr. Rodi who, prior to April, 2001 was General Manager of Brew King Limited; Mr. Zarafonitis who, prior to February 2002 was Global Director, Export of the Company and prior to June 2002 was Director of Marketing at beer.com for Labatt Breweries; Ms. Niles who, prior to January 2003, was Director of Marketing at Quaker Oats/Division of Pepsico; Mr. Berti who, prior to June 2003, was Director of Estate Wines of the Company; and Mr. Fraser who, prior to May, 2005 was Marketing Director at Grady Wine Marketing Inc. for Cascadia Brands Inc.

The directors and officers as a group beneficially own, directly or indirectly, 666,478 Class B Voting Shares, being 66.5% of the issued and outstanding Class B Voting Shares of the Company.

LEGAL PROCEEDING – ALLEGED MISAPPROPRIATION OF FUNDS

On June 6, 2006, the Company announced it had filed a Notice of Action in the Superior Court of Ontario against a former non-executive employee for apparent misappropriation of funds. The alleged misappropriation of funds is believed to have occurred over many years and is estimated to be in the range of \$6 – \$7 million.

The Company believes that its insurance policies will cover a limited portion of the loss incurred. An investigation conducted by independent forensic accountants has revealed that the alleged misappropriation of funds was a sophisticated and well-orchestrated series of events conducted solely by the former non-executive employee over several years. The Company has determined that the alleged misappropriation of funds will not have any material impact on the Company's financial position or results for the year ended March 31, 2006. Payments from insurance policies will be included in net income when received. Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2005 have been restated to reflect changes in the presentation related to the alleged misappropriation of funds.

TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRAR

The transfer agent and registrar for the Company's Class A Non-Voting and Class B Voting Common Shares is Computershare Investor Services of Canada with its head office in Toronto.

INTERESTS OF EXPERTS

The audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2006 filed with the Canadian Securities administrators are audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Chartered Accountants. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is independent in Canada in accordance with its rules of professional conduct.

REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The text of the audit, finance and risk committee's charter is attached as Schedule "A" to this Annual Information Form.

The Audit, Finance and Risk Committee (the "Audit Committee") is composed entirely of independent directors. The three members of the Audit Committee are Brian J. Short (Chairman), Mark W. Cosens and John F. Petch. All members of the Committee are considered by the Board to be financially literate by way of their business experience and educational background. The following is a brief summary of the education and experience that is relevant to the performance of their responsibilities as Committee members:

Audit Committee Member

Relevant Education and Experience

Brian J. Short

Mr. Short is the Senior Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer of Dover Industries Limited, a public company whose shares are traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange. Mr. Short holds a Bachelor of Arts degree from Waterloo Lutheran University.

Mark W. Cosens

Mr. Cosens is a Managing Director at Kibride Capital and a former Managing Director of Korn/Ferry International, specializing in industrial, energy and financial services. Prior to joining Korn/Ferry, Mr. Cosens held several positions in the investment and commercial banking industry. Mr. Cosens holds a Bachelor of Arts in Economics from the University of Western and an LLB from Osgoode Hall Law School.

John F. Petch

Mr. Petch is Vice-Chairman of the Board and is counsel to the law firm Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt LLP. Prior to this, Mr. Petch was vice-chair and a senior partner at the firm. His experience includes serving as a director of Canada Bread Company; as a director and as a member of the Governance Committee for ShawCor Ltd.; as Vice-Chair of the Governing Council of the University of Toronto; and former Chair of the Board and Member of the Business Services Committee, St. Michael's Hospital. Mr. Petch was responsible for managing budgets of significant amounts in his roles at St. Michael's Hospital and the University of Toronto. Mr. Petch graduated from the University of Western Ontario with a Bachelor of Arts in Economics, University of Toronto with a J.D. degree and from Osgoode Hall with a Masters of Law.

Pre-approval policies

The Audit Committee has adopted the following policies and procedures for the engagement of non-audit services. The Audit Committee will pre-approve all audit services provided by the auditors. This is accomplished through the Audit Committee's recommendation to the Class B shareholders on the approval of the appointment of the auditors at the Andrés Wines Ltd. annual meeting and through the Audit Committee's review of the auditors' annual audit plan. Periodically, the Audit Committee will update an agreed list of pre-approved services that are recurring or otherwise reasonably expected to be provided. Any additional requests for pre-approval will be addressed on a case-by-case basis to the Audit Committee. The engagement may commence upon approval by a quorum of the full Audit Committee.

External Auditor Service Fees

The table below provides for greater disclosure of the services provided and fees earned by the Company's external auditor over the Company's two most recently completed fiscal years:

Type of Work	Fees – Fiscal 2006	Fees – Fiscal 2005
Audit fees	\$230,000	\$144,300
Audit related fees	<u>\$38,800</u>	<u>\$ 22,627</u>
Sub-total	\$268,800	\$166,927
Tax fees	<u>\$76,800</u>	<u>\$ 48,250</u>
Total	\$345,600	\$215,177

Audit Services

Audit fees were paid for professional services rendered by the auditors for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements as well as services provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings.

Audit-related services

Audit-related services were paid for assurance and related services that were reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the annual financial statements and were not reported under the audit services category above. These services consist of special audits, diligence assistance in connection with acquisitions and amalgamations, audit of pension plans and Bill 198 compliance work. The increase in 2006 is primarily related to expenses incurred regarding the acquisitions of Cascadia Brands Inc., Thirty Bench and Red Rooster.

Tax services

Tax fees were paid for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning professional services. These services consisted of reviewing tax returns and assisting in responses to government tax authorities.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information, including directors' and officers' remuneration and indebtedness, principal holders of the Company's securities and securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans is contained in the Company's Management Information Circular dated June 29, 2006. Additional financial information, including audited comparative consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2006 and related Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is provided in the Annual Report to Shareholders. This information can be accessed through SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

SCHEDULE “A”

CHARTER OF THE AUDIT, FINANCE AND RISK COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF ANDRÉS WINES LTD.

Purpose

The primary purpose of the audit committee (the “Audit Committee”) of the board of directors (the “Board”) of Andrés Wines Ltd. (the “Corporation”) is to assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities for the Corporation’s internal control and management information systems; reviewing the quarterly financial statements and managements’ discussion and analysis prior to their release and recommend their approval to the Board; reviewing the annual audited financial statements and managements’ discussion and analysis prior to their release and recommend their approval to the Board; reviewing accounting and auditing developments and meeting with both financial and accounting personnel and the external auditors on issues relevant to the Corporation; reviewing the Corporation’s policies and practices relating to insurance coverage, foreign exchange and interest rate hedging and, reviewing and assessing the qualifications, independence and performance of the Corporation’s auditors.

Consistent with this function, the Audit Committee should encourage continuous improvement of, and should foster adherence to, the Corporation’s policies, procedures and practices.

Approval of Charter

This Audit Committee charter requires approval by the Board.

Future changes to this charter require approval by the Board based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Structure and Composition

The Audit Committee shall consist of no fewer than three members from among the Board.

Each member of the Audit Committee shall be free from any relationship that, in the opinion of the Board, would interfere with the exercise of his or her independent judgement as a member of the Audit Committee; and meet the independence and experience requirements of the Toronto Stock Exchange and all applicable rules and regulations in Canada relating to corporate governance and audit committee matters, including Multilateral Instrument 52-110 (the “Regulations”).

All members of the Audit Committee must be “financially literate” as such term is defined by the Regulations. The Board shall make determinations as to whether each member of the Audit Committee satisfies this requirement. The members of the Audit Committee shall be appointed by the Board annually on the recommendations of the Human Resource and Governance Committee or until successors are duly appointed.

The Board shall normally designate the Chair of the Audit Committee. In the event that a Board designation is not made, the members of the Audit Committee shall elect a temporary Chair for such meeting by majority vote of the members in attendance at the meeting.

Once appointed, Audit Committee members shall cease to be a member of the Audit Committee only upon:

- (i) resignation from the Board
- (ii) death
- (iii) disability
- (iv) not being re-appointed pursuant to the appointment process described above.

Meetings

The Audit Committee shall meet at least quarterly and more frequently as circumstances dictate.

A majority of Audit Committee members are required for meeting quorum. In the event that the number of Audit Committee members is an even number, one half of the number of members shall constitute a quorum.

The Audit committee shall meet at least annually with management, and the Corporation's auditor in separate committee sessions.

The Audit Committee may request any officer or employee of the Corporation or the Corporation's outside counsel or independent auditor to attend a meeting of the Audit Committee or to meet or provide consultations to the Audit Committee or any member thereof.

The CEO, and the CFO and Executive Vice-President Human Resources of the Corporation and representatives of the independent auditors shall normally attend meetings of the Audit Committee. Others may also attend meetings as the Audit Committee may request. Notice of all meetings of the Audit Committee shall be sent to the Auditors as well as Audit Committee members.

Resolutions

Resolutions of the Audit Committee shall require approval by a simple majority of members voting on such resolution. The Chair of the Audit Committee shall not have a deciding vote in the case of a tie.

Responsibilities and Duties

i) Minutes and Reporting to the Board

The Audit Committee shall prepare written minutes of all meetings. In addition, the Chair of the Committee or designate shall report to the Board of Directors after each meeting the significant matters addressed by the Committee at such meeting and a copy of the minutes shall be made available to all members of the Board. The Audit Committee shall make regular reports to the Board, but not less frequently than quarterly.

ii) Independent Auditor

With respect to the Corporation's independent auditor the Audit Committee shall:

- be directly responsible for overseeing the work of the external auditor engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an auditor's report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the issuer, including the resolution of disagreements between financial management and the external auditor regarding financial reporting
- have sole authority to recommend to the Board the appointment or replacement of the independent auditor (subject to shareholder approval)
- recommend to the Board the compensation of the independent auditor
- have the independent auditor report directly to the audit Committee
- determine the extent of involvement of the independent auditor in reviewing unaudited quarterly financial results
- meet with the independent auditor prior to the annual audit to discuss the planning, scope and staffing of the audit
- approve the selection of the senior audit partners having primary responsibility for the audit and the audit partner responsible for reviewing the audit
- at least on an annual basis, evaluate the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent auditor and the senior audit partner having primary responsibility for the audit
- obtain and review a report from the independent auditor at least annually regarding:
 - (i) the independent auditor's internal quality-control procedures,
 - (ii) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality control review, or peer review, of the firm, or raised by any inquiry or investigation by government or professional authorities within the preceding five years respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the firm,
 - (iii) any steps taken to deal with any issues, and
 - (iv) all relationships between the independent auditor and the Corporation
- review and approve the Corporation's hiring policies regarding partners, employees and former partners and employees of the present and former independent auditor.
- pre-approve all auditing services and permitted non-audit services (including fees and terms thereof) to be performed for the Corporation or its subsidiaries by its independent auditor.

iii) Financial Reporting

With respect to the Corporation's reporting of unaudited quarterly financial results, the Audit Committee shall:

- Prior to their public release and filing with securities regulatory agencies, review and discuss with management and the independent auditor the:
 - press release
 - consolidated financial statements and notes thereto
 - management's discussion and analysis
 - results of any independent auditor's review requested/approved by the committee
 - review the Corporation's unaudited quarterly financial results
 - recommend to the Board whether the unaudited quarterly financial statements of the Corporation should be approved by the Board

iv) Year-End Audit

With respect to the Corporation's annual audit, the Audit Committee shall:

- Prior to their public release and filing with securities regulatory agencies, review and discuss with management and the independent auditor the:
 - financial statements and notes thereto for consolidated and separate entities
 - management's discussion and analysis
 - results of the independent auditor's audit
 - notice of annual meeting of Shareholders
 - annual information form
- The review of the Corporation's audited financial results, shall include:
 - any significant judgements (e.g. estimates and reserves) made in the preparation of financial statements
 - any significant disagreements among management and the independent auditors in connection with the preparation of financial statements
 - the extent to which changes or improvements in financial or accounting practices, as approved by the Audit Committee, have been implemented
 - significant financial reporting issues and judgements made in connection with the preparation of the Corporation's financial statements, including any significant changes in the Corporation's selection or application of accounting principles, any major issues as to the adequacy of the Corporation's internal controls and special steps adopted in light of material control deficiencies
 - the Corporation's use of "pro forma" or "adjusted" non-GAAP information
 - critical accounting policies and practices
 - review of alternative treatments of financial information in all cases, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor
 - any written communications between the independent auditor and management (e.g. management letters, schedule of unadjusted differences)
 - the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives as well as off-balance sheet structures on the Corporation's financial statements
 - management certifications of reports filed by the Corporation pursuant to the Regulations
 - integrity of the Corporation's financial reporting processes
 - any correspondence with regulators or government agencies and any published reports which raise material issues regarding the Corporation's financial statements or accounting policies
 - results of the independent auditor's audit
 - discussions with the independent auditor regarding significant adjustments, management judgements and accounting estimates, significant new accounting policies, any difficulties encountered in the course of the audit work, any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to requested information, and any significant disagreements with management

- a verbal and/or written report, as appropriate, from the independent auditors describing
 - (i) all critical accounting policies and practices to be used
 - (ii) all alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditors and
 - (iii) other material communications between the independent auditors and management, such as the annual management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences
- Recommend to the Board whether the audited consolidated financial statements of the Corporation should be approved by the Board

v) Annual Proxy Statement and Regulatory Filings

The Audit Committee shall:

- issue any reports required of the Audit Committee to be included in the Corporation's annual proxy statement
- review and recommend to the Board the approval of all material documents filed with securities regulatory agencies including:
 - Consolidated Year-end Financial Statements
 - Annual Information Form
- satisfy itself that the adequate procedures are in place for the review of the Corporation's public disclosure of financial information extracted or derived from the Corporation's financial statements, other than the documents referred to above, and periodically assess the adequacy of those procedures

vi) Related Party Transactions and Off-Balance Sheet Structure

The Audit Committee shall:

- Review all related-party transactions including those between the Corporation and its officers or directors and, if deemed appropriate, recommend approval of any particular transaction to the Board.
- Review any material off-balance sheet structures, which the Corporation is a party to.
- Review the audited financial statements for the Corporation's pension plans and the costs and obligations of such plans annually.

vii) Internal Controls, Risk Management and Legal Matters

The Audit Committee shall:

- consider the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal controls over financial reporting and related information technology security and control including the process to communicate such controls and roles and responsibilities.
- satisfy itself that adequate procedures are in place for the review of the issuer's public disclosure of financial information extracted or derived from the Corporation's financial statements, other than the public disclosure referred to above, and will periodically assess the adequacy of those procedures.
- discuss with management the Corporation's major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the Corporation's risk assessment and risk management policies including the use of derivative financial instruments. Areas to be considered in this respect include:
 - insurance coverage
 - foreign exchange exposure
 - interest rate exposure
- review with management, and if necessary, the Corporation's counsel on a quarterly basis:
 - any legal matter which could reasonably be expected to have a material impact on the Corporation's financial statements or accounting policies, and
 - the status of all material law suits

viii) Capital Structure, Investment and Cash Management Policies, Disclosure Policy

The Audit Committee shall:

- review and recommend to the Board whether any changes to the Corporation’s capital structure should be approved
- review and approve the Corporation’s investment and cash management policy
- review and approve the Corporation’s disclosure policy

ix) “Whistle Blower” and Related Procedures

- The Audit Committee shall oversee the establishment of procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Corporation regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters and for the confidential and/or anonymous submission by employees of the Corporation of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters. The identity of any person making a submission on a confidential basis shall be revealed, at a minimum, to the Chair of the Audit Committee. The identity of any such person, however, will otherwise be treated as confidential. The Committee shall also be provided with such evidence as it requests to confirm that no disciplinary action has been taken against such person.
- Management shall report to the Audit Committee on a timely basis all discovered incidents of fraud within the Corporation, regardless of monetary value.

x) Review of Charter and Self Assessment

The Audit Committee shall:

- Review and reassess annually the adequacy of this Charter.
- Review annually the Audit Committee’s own performance.

xi) Corporate Knowledge and Other Activities

The Audit Committee shall:

- Strive to expand continually its knowledge of the Corporation’s activities.
- Carry out such other activities consistent with this Charter, the Corporation’s by-laws and governing law, that the Audit Committee or the Board deem necessary or appropriate.

Other Advisors

The Audit Committee shall have the authority to retain independent legal, accounting or other advisors including consulting with the national office of the independent auditor. The Corporation shall provide for appropriate funding, as determined by the Audit Committee, for payment of compensation to the independent auditor for the purpose of rendering or issuing an audit report and to any advisors employed by the Audit Committee.

Limitations on Committee’s Duties

While the Audit Committee has the responsibilities and power set forth in this Charter, it is not the duty of the Audit Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Corporation’s financial statements and disclosures are complete and accurate and are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and applicable rules and regulations. These are the responsibilities of either management and/or the independent auditor.

In discharging its duties, each member of the Audit Committee shall be obliged only to exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances. Nothing in this Charter, including designating any member of the Committee as an “audit committee financial expert” is intended, or should be determined to impose on any member of the Committee a standard of care or diligence that is in any way more onerous or extensive than the standard to which all members of the Board are subject.

The essence of the Committee’s responsibilities is to monitor and review the activities described in this Charter to gain reasonable assurance (but not to ensure) that such activities are being conducted properly and effectively by the Corporation.